



## COLTECH TRANSELAST SOLVENT

### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product identifier:** COLTECH TRANSELAST SOLVENT  
2-butanone  
CAS: 78-93-3  
EC: 201-159-0  
Index: 606-002-00-3  
REACH: 01-2119457290-43-XXXX
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**  
Relevant uses: Solvent for polyurethanes. For professional use only.  
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:** COLTECH LTD  
INDUSTRIAL AREA OF INOFITA  
32011 INOFITA - GREECE  
Phone.: +30 211 7709108  
info@coltech.gr
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:**

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**  
**Directive 67/548/EC and Directive 1999/45/EC:**  
This product was classified in accordance with Directive 67/548/EC and Directive 1999/45/EC, adapting the requirements to Regulation (EC) n°1907/2006 (REACH regulation).  
F: R11 - Highly flammable  
Xi: R36 - Irritating to eyes  
R66 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking  
R67 - Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness  
**CLP Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008:**  
Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008.  
Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2  
Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, Category 2  
STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3
- 2.2 Label elements:**  
**Directive 67/548/EC and Directive 1999/45/EC:**  
In accordance with the legislation, the elements on the label are as follows:
-   
F  
Highly flammable

  
Xi  
Irritant
- R Phrases:**  
R11: Highly flammable  
R36: Irritating to eyes  
R66: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking  
R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness
- S Phrases:**  
S16: Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking  
S2: Keep out of the reach of children  
S9: Keep container in a well-ventilated place
- Supplementary information:**  
Non-applicable
- CLP Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008:**  
Danger

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## COLTECH TRANSELAST SOLVENT

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (continue)



#### Hazard statements:

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation  
Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour  
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### Precautionary statements:

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking  
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection  
P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower  
P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing  
P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to extinguish.  
P405: Store locked up  
P501: Dispose of the contents/containers in accordance with the current legislation on waste treatment

#### Supplementary information:

EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

#### 2.3 Other hazards:

Non-applicable

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Chemical description:** Solvent/s

#### Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) n°1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0 Index: 606-002-00-3 REACH: 01-2119457290-43-XXXX	<b>2-butanone</b> ATP CLP00		<b>75 - &lt;100 %</b>
	Directive 67/548/EC	F: R11; Xi: R36; R66; R67	
	Regulation 1272/2008	Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	

To obtain more information on the risk of the substances consult sections 8, 11, 12 and 16.

### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the MSDS of this product.

##### By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

##### By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

##### By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with luke warm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the MSDS of the product.

##### By consumption:

In case of consumption, seek immediate medical assistance showing the MSDS of this product.

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### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continue)

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Non-applicable

### SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO<sub>2</sub>). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use tap water as an extinguishing agent.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

##### Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inertizing agent. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions:

This product is not classified as dangerous to the environment. Keep product away from drains, surface and underground water.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

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## COLTECH TRANSELAST SOLVENT

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continue)

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C

Maximum Temp.: 35 °C

Maximum time: 9 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the work environment

Identification		Environmental limits		
2-butanone CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0		IOELV (8h)	200 ppm	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		IOELV (STEL)	300 ppm	900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		Year	2014	

##### DNEL (Workers):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
2-butanone CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1161 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable

##### DNEL (Population):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
2-butanone CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	31 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	412 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	106 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable

##### PNEC:

Identification					
2-butanone CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0	STP	709 mg/L	Fresh water	55,8 mg/L	
	Soil	22,5 mg/kg	Marine water	55,8 mg/L	
	Intermittent	55,8 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	284,74 mg/kg	
	Oral	1000 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	284,7 mg/kg	

#### 8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place

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### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continue)



In accordance with the order of importance to control professional exposure (Directive 98/24/EC) it is recommended to use localized extraction in the work area as a collective protection measure to avoid exceeding the professional exposure limits. In case of using individual protection equipment they should have the "CE marking" in accordance with Directive 89/686/EC. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.



#### B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours	 CAT III	EN 405:2001+A1:2009	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.





#### C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves	 CAT III	EN 374-1:2003 EN 374-3:2003/AC:2006 EN 420:2003+A1:2009	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin.



#### D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face mask	 CAT II	EN 166:2001 EN 167:2001 EN 168:2001 EN 172:1994/A1:2000 EN 172:1994/A2:2001 EN ISO 4007:2012	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

#### E.- Bodily protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	 CAT III	EN 1149-1,2,3 EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 EN ISO 13982-1:2004/A1:2010 EN ISO 6529:2001 EN ISO 6530:2005 EN ISO 13688:2013 EN 464:1994	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	 CAT III	EN 13287:2008 EN ISO 20345:2011 EN 13832-1:2006 EN ISO 20344:2011	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

#### F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2002	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2002

#### Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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## COLTECH TRANSELAST SOLVENT

### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continue)

For complete information see the product datasheet.

**Appearance:**

Physical state at 20 °C: Liquid  
Appearance: Colorless  
Color: ☐ Colourless  
Odor: Solvent

**Volatility:**

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure: 80 °C  
Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 9641 Pa  
Vapour pressure at 50 °C: 35559 Pa (36 kPa)  
Evaporation rate at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

**Product description:**

Density at 20 °C: 805 kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Relative density at 20 °C: 0,805  
Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C: 0,41 cP  
Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C: 0,51 cSt  
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C: Non-applicable \*  
Concentration: Non-applicable \*  
pH: Non-applicable \*  
Vapour density at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*  
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C: Non-applicable \*  
Solubility in water at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*  
Solubility property: Non-applicable \*  
Decomposition temperature: Non-applicable \*  
Melting point/freezing point: -85 °C

**Flammability:**

Flash Point: -6 °C  
Autoignition temperature: 516 °C  
Lower flammability limit: 1,8 % Volume  
Upper flammability limit: 10 % Volume

**9.2 Other information:**

Surface tension at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*  
Refraction index: Non-applicable \*

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**10.1 Reactivity:**

No hazardous reactions are expected if the following technical instructions storage of chemicals. See section 7.

**10.2 Chemical stability:**

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:**

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid:**

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

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## COLTECH TRANSELAST SOLVENT

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continue)

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Combustive materials	Combustible materials	Others
Not applicable	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

No experimental information is available on the product itself in relation to the toxicological properties. When performing the danger classification on corrosive or irritant effects the recommendations included in section 3.2.5 of Annex VI of Directive 67/548/EC, in paragraphs b) and c) of section 3 of article 6 of Directive 1999/45/EC and in section 3.2.3.3.5. of Annex I of CLP Regulation were taken into account.

##### Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

##### A.- Ingestion:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.

##### B- Inhalation:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

##### C- Contact with the skin and the eyes:

Produces eye damage after contact.

##### D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.

##### E- Sensitizing effects:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensibilizing effects. For more information see section 3.

##### F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-time exposure:

Exposure in high concentrations can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion and in serious cases, loss of concentration.

##### G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

##### H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

##### Other information:

Non-applicable

##### Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
2-butanone	LD50 oral	4000 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 78-93-3	LD50 dermal	6400 mg/kg	Rabbit
EC: 201-159-0	LC50 inhalation	23,5 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the ecotoxicological properties of the product itself is not available

#### 12.1 Toxicity:

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## COLTECH TRANSELAST SOLVENT

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continue)

Identification	Acute toxicity		Specie	Genus
2-butanone	LC50	3220 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 78-93-3	EC50	5091 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 201-159-0	EC50	4300 mg/L (168 h)	Scenedesmus quadricauda	Alga

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
2-butanone	BOD5	2.03 g O2/g	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 78-93-3	COD	2.31 g O2/g	Period	20 days
EC: 201-159-0	BOD5/COD	0.88	% Biodegradable	89 %

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
2-butanone	BCF	3
CAS: 78-93-3	Pow Log	0,29
EC: 201-159-0	Potential	Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
2-butanone	Koc	30	Henry	5,765E+0 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
CAS: 78-93-3	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 201-159-0	Surface tension	23960 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Directive 2008/98/EC)
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances	Dangerous

#### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2000/532/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

#### Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) n°1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2000/532/EC: Commission Decision of 3 May 2000

### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2013 and RID 2013:



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**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continue)**



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1193  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** ETHYL METHYL KETONE (METHYL ETHYL KETONE)  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
Labels: 3  
**14.4 Packing group:** II  
**14.5 Dangerous for the environment:** No  
**14.6 Special precautions for user**  
Special regulations: Non-applicable  
Tunnel restriction code: D/E  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
Limited quantities: 1 L  
**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:** Non-applicable

**Transport of dangerous goods by sea:**

With regard to IMDG 36-12:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1193  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** ETHYL METHYL KETONE (METHYL ETHYL KETONE)  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
Labels: 3  
**14.4 Packing group:** II  
**14.5 Dangerous for the environment:** No  
**14.6 Special precautions for user**  
Special regulations: Non-applicable  
EmS Codes: F-E, S-D  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
Limited quantities: 1 L  
**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:** Non-applicable

**Transport of dangerous goods by air:**

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2014:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1193  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** ETHYL METHYL KETONE (METHYL ETHYL KETONE)  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
Labels: 3  
**14.4 Packing group:** II  
**14.5 Dangerous for the environment:** No  
**14.6 Special precautions for user**  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:** Non-applicable

**SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:**

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable  
Regulation (EC) 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable  
Active substances for which a decision of non-inclusion onto Annex I (Regulation (EU) No 528/2012): Non-applicable  
Regulation (EC) 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

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## COLTECH TRANSELAST SOLVENT

### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continue)

#### **Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII, REACH):**

Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:

- metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
- artificial snow and frost,
- "whoopie" cushions,
- silly string aerosols,
- imitation excrement,
- horns for parties,
- decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs,
- stink bombs.

#### **Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:**

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

#### **Other legislation:**

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009, 2009 No. 716  
The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (CDG 2009), SI 2009 No 1348  
The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) Regulations 2011, 2011 No. 1885  
Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended)  
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits  
The Waste Regulations 2011, 2011 No. 988

#### **15.2 Chemical safety assessment:**

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Legislation related to safety data sheets:**

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) N° 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) N° 453/2010)

#### **Modifications related to the previous security card which concerns the ways of managing risks. :**

Non-applicable

#### **Text of R-phrases considered in section 3:**

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

#### **Directive 67/548/EC and Directive 1999/45/EC:**

- R11: Highly flammable
- R36: Irritating to eyes
- R66: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking
- R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness

#### **CLP Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008:**

- Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
- Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour
- STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### **Advice related to training:**

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

#### **Principal bibliographical sources:**

- <http://esis.jrc.ec.europa.eu>
- <http://echa.europa.eu>
- <http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

#### **Abbreviations and acronyms:**

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**SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continue)**

- ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
- IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code
- IATA: International Air Transport Association
- ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
- COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
- BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand
- BCF: Bioconcentration factor
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50
- CL50: Lethal Concentration 50
- EC50: Effective concentration 50
- Log-POW: Octanol–water partition coefficient
- Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

The information contained in this security data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this security data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -